

STAY ONE STEP AHEAD

FRAUDS, SCAMS AND IDENTITY THEFT

VOCAB SHEET

Identity Theft: Attackers steal your personal information (like credit card numbers or your Social Security Number) and pretend to be you.

Financial Loss: Scammers use your login information to make unauthorized transactions, drain your bank account, or apply for loans in your name.

Remote Access: Certain malware or viruses can give attackers control of your device, letting them download your photos, message people, or steal files.

Phishing Site: A fake website that tricks you into entering sensitive information like login details or credit card numbers.

Malware Installation: Accidentally downloading a virus that can block access to your device or steal sensitive information.

PIN: A short number code used to verify your identity for secure access to accounts, devices, or financial transactions.

Digital Payment Apps: Apps used to send or receive money, such as PayPal, Venmo, or Cash App.

Hacked: When someone breaks into your account without permission, usually by stealing your password, PIN, or personal information.

Phishing: When someone tries to trick you into giving private information through email or text.

Pharming: When you are redirected to a fake website that asks you to enter private data.

Multi-Victim Fraud: When a scammer hacks a company database and steals private data from many people at once.

